



Received on 06 May, 2012; received in revised form 02 July, 2012; accepted 17 August, 2012

CRINUM; AN ENDLESS SOURCE OF BIOACTIVE PRINCIPLES: A REVIEW, PART II. CRINUM ALKALOIDS: CRININE-TYPE ALKALOIDS

John Refaat^{1*}, Mohamed S. Kamel¹, Mahmoud A. Ramadan² and Ahmed A. Ali²

Pharmacognosy Department, Faculty of Pharmacy, Minia University¹, Minia-61519, Egypt

Pharmacognosy Department, Faculty of Pharmacy, Assiut University², Assiut-71515, Egypt

ABSTRACT

Keywords:

Alkaloids,
Amaryllidaceae,
Chemical constituents,
Crinine,
Crinum

Correspondence to Author:

John Refaat

Pharmacognosy Department, Faculty of Pharmacy, Minia University¹, Minia-61519, Egypt

E-mail: johnrefaat82@yahoo.com

Crinum is a genus of about 130 species belonging to family Amaryllidaceae with wide geographical distribution throughout the tropics, subtropics and warm temperate regions of the world. These plants are not only showy ornamentals but they possess significant folkloric and commercial reputation as well. Long ago, *Crinums* have been subjected to extensive chemical, cytological and pharmacological investigations. Phytochemical investigations have resulted in isolation of several diverse classes of phytocompounds and have been focused predominantly on alkaloids. The present part of our review work about the phytochemical, biological and toxicological studies on *Crinums* summarizes crinine-type alkaloids isolated up to now as well as their structural and stereochemical differences, in addition to their distribution in different *Crinum* species.

INTRODUCTION: *Crinum* is a perennial bulbous herb belonging to tribe Amaryllideae of family Amaryllidaceae and contains about 130 species distributed in Africa, America, southern Asia and Australia. African lands enjoy most species and about twenty-two are endemic to Southern Africa¹. Amaryllidaceae species are considered an exclusive source of Amaryllidaceae alkaloids that possess wide range of interesting biological activities.

Besides their popularity as ornamental plants with beautiful and elegant flowers, they possess different interesting medicinal effects such as analgesic, immunostimulating, antineoplastic, antiviral and antimicrobial effects. Since about 1950s, *Crinums* have been subjected to extensive chemical and biological investigations due to their richness in pharmacologically active principles, especially alkaloids².

Therefore, as a part of our ongoing comprehensive review work on various classes of *Crinum* alkaloidal and non-alkaloidal constituents as well as their biological activities, the present part of our work reviews crinine-type alkaloids isolated from *Crinums* in addition to their structural and stereochemical differences as the most common type among *Crinum* alkaloids. Additionally, their distribution in various species studied so far is also completely considered (out of around 130 species, only about thirty-five have been phytochemically investigated)³.



IJPSR:
ICV- 4.57

Website:
www.ijpsr.com

Crinine-type alkaloids: Phytochemical investigations of different plant parts of many *Crinum* species have yielded a large number of alkaloids belonging to the 5, 10b-ethanophenanthridine nucleus (crinine-type) (Table 1 and Figure 2). The isolated alkaloids of this

type exhibited a wide and variable substitution patterns and according to their stereochemistry, they can be generally divided into two skeletons; (-)-Crinane and (+)-Crinane skeletons (Figure 1).

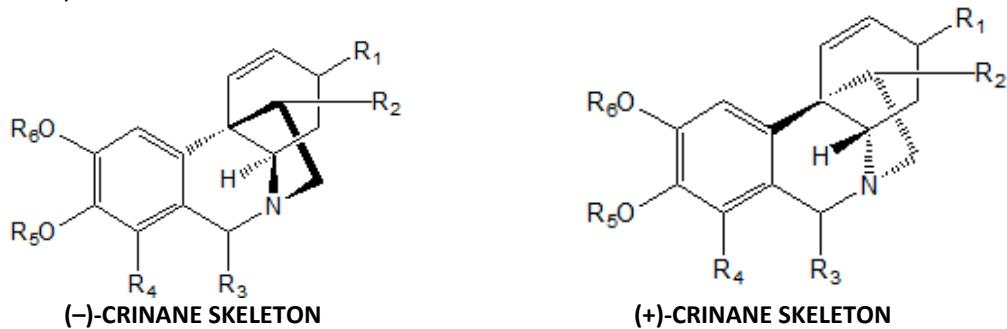


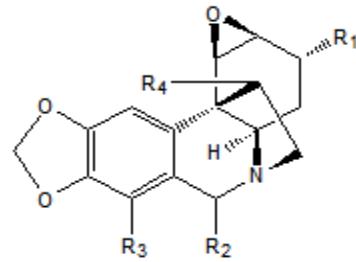
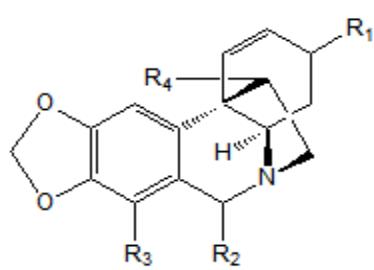
FIGURE 1: BASIC SKELETONS OF CRININE-TYPE ALKALOIDS WITH COMMON SUBSTITUTION POSITIONS

TABLE 1: A LIST OF CRININE-TYPE ALKALOIDS ISOLATED FROM DIFFERENT *CRINUM* SPECIES

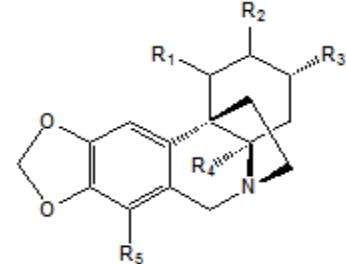
No.	Alkaloid name	Molecular Formula	mp (°C) / [α] _D	Plant source	Plant parts	References
1	11-O-Acetyl-ambelline.	C ₂₀ H ₂₃ NO ₆	80–82° / -23.5° (CHCl ₃)	<i>C. latifolium</i> Linn.	----	4
2	11-O-Acetyl-1,2-β-epoxy ambelline.	C ₂₀ H ₂₃ NO ₇	195–197° / -49.9° (MeOH)	<i>C. latifolium</i> Linn.	----	4
3	1-O-Acetyl-bulbisine	C ₁₉ H ₂₃ NO ₆		<i>C. asiaticum</i> var. <i>sinicum</i>	Leaves	5
4	2-O-Acetyl-bulbisine	C ₁₉ H ₂₃ NO ₆		<i>C. asiaticum</i> var. <i>sinicum</i>	Leaves	5
5	2-O-Acetyl-crinamabine.	C ₁₈ H ₂₂ NO ₆		<i>C. asiaticum</i> var. <i>sinicum</i>	Leaves	5
6	3-O-Acetyl-crinine (krepowine).	C ₁₈ H ₁₉ NO ₄	140–141° / + 68.4° (EtOH) + 59.3° (CHCl ₃)	<i>C. americanum</i> L. <i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne. <i>C. macowanii</i> Baker <i>C. moorei</i> Hook F. <i>C. powellii</i> Hort. <i>C. powellii</i> Hort. var. <i>krelagei</i>	Bulbs Bulbs Bulbs Whole plant Bulbs ----	6 7, 8 9 10 11 12
7	3-O-acetyl-8-O-demethyl-maritidine.	C ₁₈ H ₂₁ NO ₄		<i>C. asiaticum</i> var. <i>sinicum</i>	Leaves	5
8	3-O-Acetyl-hamayne.	C ₁₈ H ₁₉ NO ₅	110–112° / +49.3° (EtOH)	<i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne. <i>C. kirkii</i> Baker <i>C. latifolium</i> Linn. <i>C. macowanii</i> Baker <i>C. moorei</i> Hook F. <i>C. zeylanicum</i> Linn.	Whole plant Bulbs Bulbs Whole plant Whole plant Bubblets Bulbs	13 14 7 15 16 17 18
9	3-O-Acetyl-powelline	C ₁₉ H ₂₁ NO ₅	59–60° / +65.8° (CHCl ₃)	<i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne.	Bulbs	8
10	Amabiline (Crinan-1,2-diol)	C ₁₆ H ₁₉ NO ₄	210° / -32° (EtOH)	<i>C. amabile</i> Donn. <i>C. kirkii</i> Baker <i>C. stuhlmannii</i> Baker	Bulbs Bulbs Bulbs	19 20 21
11	Ambelline.	C ₁₈ H ₂₁ NO ₅	260–261° / -13.6° (MeOH) +32° (CHCl ₃)	<i>C. amabile</i> Donn. <i>C. asiaticum</i> L. <i>C. asiaticum</i> var. <i>japonicum</i> <i>C. augustum</i> Rox. <i>C. latifolium</i> Linn. <i>C. powellii</i> Hort. <i>C. var. harlemonense</i> <i>C. pretense</i> <i>C. stuhlmannii</i> Baker	Bulbs ---- ---- ---- ---- ---- ---- Bulbs ----	22 23 23 23 23 25, 26 27 12 21 28

				<i>C. yemense</i> Defl. <i>C. zeylanicum</i>	Bulbs	29
12	3-[4'-(8'-aminoethyl)-phenoxy] bulbispermine.	C ₂₄ H ₂₆ N ₂ O ₄	+53.3° (CHCl ₃)	<i>C. moorei</i> Hook F.	Whole plant	10
13	3,4-Anhydropowelline.	C ₁₇ H ₁₇ NO ₃	+ 22° (CHCl ₃)	<i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne.	Bulbs	8
14	Augustine.	C ₁₇ H ₁₉ NO ₄	174–176° / -44.8° (MeOH) -46.25° (EtOH)	<i>C. amabile</i> Donn. <i>C. americanum</i> L. <i>C. augustum</i> Rox.	Bulbs Bulbs Leaves Whole plant	19 22 30 31, 32
15	Augustisine.	C ₁₇ H ₂₁ NO ₃	173–175° / -30° (MeOH)	<i>C. augustum</i> Rox.	Leaves	8
16	Bowdensine.	C ₂₁ H ₂₅ NO ₇		<i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne.	Bulbs	7
17	Bulbisine.	C ₁₇ H ₂₁ NO ₅	182–183° / +27.14(MeOH)	<i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne.	Bulbs	8
18	Bulbispermine.	C ₁₆ H ₁₇ NO ₄		<i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne. <i>C. macowanii</i> Baker <i>C. yemense</i> Defl.	Bulbs Whole plant Whole plant Bulbs	33 13 34 35
19	Buphanidrine.	C ₁₈ H ₂₁ NO ₄	90–92° / + 4.2° (EtOH)	<i>C. erubescens</i> Ait. <i>C. kunthianum</i> Roem. <i>C. latifolium</i> Linn. <i>C. macowanii</i> Baker	Bulbs Leaves Leaves Bulbs	36 37 38 9
20	Buphanidrine-6-hydroxy.	C ₁₈ H ₂₁ NO ₅		<i>C. latifolium</i> Linn. <i>C. zeylanicum</i> Linn.	Leaves ----	38 29
21	Buphanidrine-6-β-ethoxy.	C ₂₀ H ₂₅ NO ₅		<i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne. <i>C. zeylanicum</i> Linn.	Bulbs ----	8 29
22	(-)Buphanisine.	C ₁₇ H ₁₉ NO ₃	122–124° / - 20° (MeOH) - 26° (EtOH)	<i>C. amabile</i> Donn. <i>C. augustum</i> Rox. <i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne.	Bulbs Bulbs Whole plants Bulbs Bulbs	19 22 31, 32 39 8
23	(-)Buphanisine-6-α-hydroxy.	C ₁₇ H ₁₉ NO ₄	126–128° / +40.04°(EtOH)	<i>C. augustum</i> Rox. <i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne.	Whole plants Bulbs	31, 40 8, 41
24	(-)Buphanisine-6-β-hydroxy.	C ₁₇ H ₁₉ NO ₄	126–128° / +40.04°(EtOH)	<i>C. augustum</i> Rox. <i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne.	Whole plants Bulbs	31, 40 8
25	Buphanisine-6-α-ethoxy.	C ₁₉ H ₂₃ NO ₅		<i>C. augustum</i> Rox. <i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne.	Leaves Bulbs	8 8
26	Crinafolidine.	C ₁₉ H ₂₃ NO ₆		<i>C. latifolium</i> Linn.	Fruits	42
27	Crinafoline.	C ₁₈ H ₂₁ NO ₆		<i>C. latifolium</i> Linn.	Fruits	42
28	Crinalbine.	C ₁₇ H ₁₉ NO ₅	130–132° / +24° (CHCl ₃)	<i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne. <i>C. powellii</i> Hort. var. <i>album</i>	Bulbs Bulbs	43 44
29	Crinamabine.	C ₁₆ H ₂₀ NO ₅	235–238° / +35° (MeOH)	<i>C. amabile</i> Donn.	Bulbs	22
30	Crinamabine-7-methoxy	C ₁₇ H ₂₂ NO ₆		<i>C. asiaticum</i> var. <i>sinicum</i>	Leaves	5
31	(-)Crinamidine.	C ₁₆ H ₁₈ NO ₅	215–217° / -10° (CHCl ₃)	<i>C. bulbispernum</i> Milne. <i>C. erubescens</i> Ait. <i>C. kunthianum</i> Roem. <i>C. latifolium</i> Linn. <i>C. laurentii</i> Durand & Dewild <i>C. macowanii</i> Baker <i>C. moorei</i> Hook F. <i>C. powellii</i> Hort. <i>C. powellii</i> Hort. var. <i>krelagei</i>	Bulbs Bulbs Leaves Leaves ---- Bulbs Whole plant Seeds, Bulbs Bulblets Whole plant ---- Bulbs	7 36 37 38 45 9 15, 16 46, 47 17 16 45 44

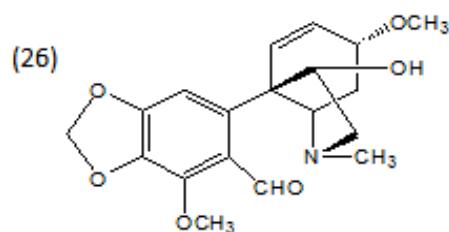
				<i>harlemense</i> <i>C. powellii</i> Hort. var. <i>krelagei</i>	Bulbs	44
73	Powelline-6-hydroxy.	C ₁₇ H ₁₉ NO ₅		<i>C. latifolium</i> Linn.	Leaves	38
74	Powelline-6- α -ethoxy	C ₁₉ H ₂₃ NO ₅		<i>C. bulbispermum</i> Milne.	Bulbs	8
75	(+)-siculine.	C ₁₈ H ₁₉ NO ₃		<i>C. asiaticum</i> var. <i>sinicum</i>	Leaves	5
76	Undulatine.	C ₁₈ H ₂₁ NO ₅	149–150° / –46° (CHCl ₃)	<i>C. latifolium</i> Linn.	Bulbs	7
				<i>C. macowanii</i> Baker	Bulbs	9
				<i>C. moorei</i> Hook F.	Whole plant	10
				<i>C. powellii</i> Hort.	Bulblets	17
				<i>C. powellii</i> Hort. var. <i>krelagei</i>	Bulbs	27
				<i>C. yemense</i> Defl.	Bulbs	60
				----	----	28
77	Undulatine-6-hydroxy.	C ₁₈ H ₂₁ NO ₆	113–116° / +8.4° (MeOH)	<i>C. latifolium</i> Linn.	Leaves	38
78	(+)-Vittatine.	C ₁₆ H ₁₇ NO ₃	206–208° / +26° (MeOH)	<i>C. bulbispermum</i> Milne	Bulbs	64
79	Yemenine A.			<i>C. yemense</i> Defl.	Bulbs	35
80	Yemenine B.			<i>C. yemense</i> Defl.	Bulbs	35
81	Yemenine C.			<i>C. yemense</i> Defl.	Bulbs	35



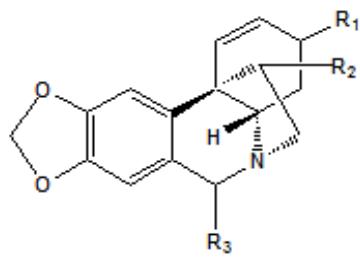
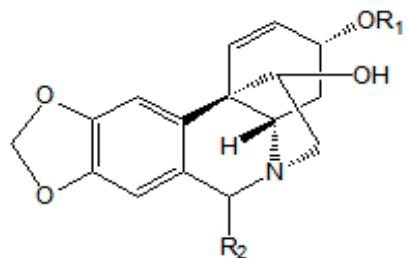
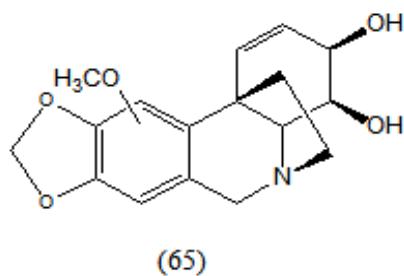
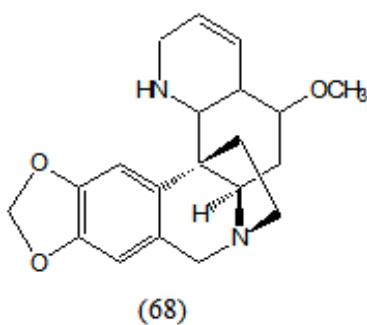
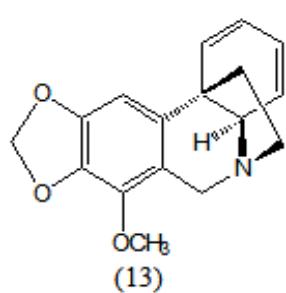
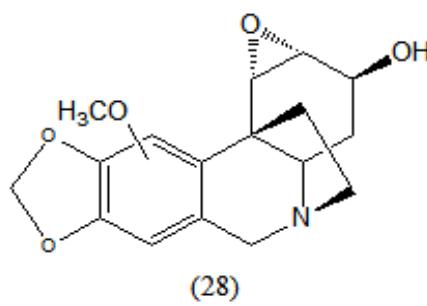
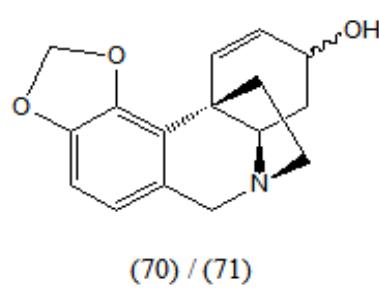
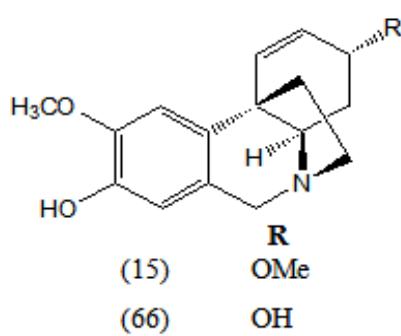
	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄		R ₁	R ₂	R ₃	R ₄	
(1)	α OMe	H	OMe	OAc		(2)	OMe	H	OMe	OAc
(6)	α OAc	H	H	H		(14)	OMe	H	H	H
(9)	α OAc	H	OMe	H		(31)	OH	H	OMe	H
(11)	α OMe	H	OMe	OH		(57)	OMe	H	OMe	OH
(19)	α OMe	H	OMe	H		(58)	H	H	H	H
(20)	α OMe	OH	OMe	H		(63)	H	OH	OMe	H
(21)	α OMe	β OEt	OMe	H		(76)	OMe	H	OMe	H
(22)	α OMe	H	H	H		(77)	OMe	OH	OMe	H
(23)	α OMe	α OH	H	H						
(24)	α OMe	β OH	H	H						
(25)	α OMe	α OEt	H	H						
(27)	β OMe	α OH	OMe	OH						
(38)	α OH	H	H	H						
(39)	α OH	α OH	H	H						



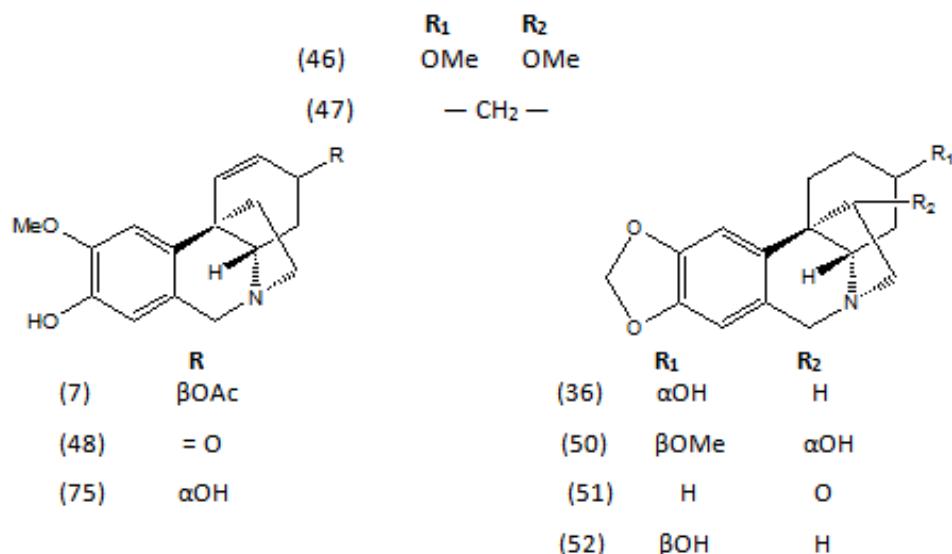
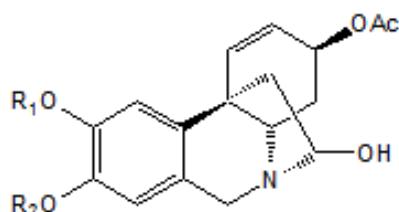
(40)	α OH	β OH	H	H					
(41)	α OH	α OEt	H	H		R_1	R_2	R_3	R_4
(69)	O	H	H	H	(3)	β OAc	β OH	H	H
(72)	α OH	H	OMe	H	(4)	β OH	β OAc	H	H
(73)	α OH	OH	OMe	H	(5)	β OH	β OAc	H	OH
(74)	α OH	α OEt	OMe	H	(10)	α OH	α OH	H	H
					(16)	α OAc	β OAc	H	H
					(17)	β OH	β OH	H	H
					(29)	β OH	β OH	H	OH
					(30)	β OH	β OH	H	OH



(30)	β OH	β OH	H	OH	OMe
(44)	α OH	β OH	H	H	OMe
(45)	β OH	β OH	H	H	H
(49)	H	H	OH	H	H
(54)	β OH	β OH	H	H	OMe
(55)	β OH	β OAc	H	H	H
(67)	OH	H	OH	H	OMe



	R_1	R_2		R_1	R_2	R_3
(8)	Ac	H		(12)	α O-ph-(CH ₂) ₂ -NH ₂	OH
(32)	Me	H		(18)	α OH	OH
(33)	Me	α OH		(53)	α OMe	H
(34)	Me	β OH		(56)	α OH	H
(35)	Me	β OMe		(59)	β OMe	OH
(62)	H	H		(60)	β OMe	OH
				(64)	β OH	OH
				(78)	β OH	H

FIGURE 2: CRININE-TYPE ALKALOIDS ISOLATED FROM DIFFERENT *CRINUM* SPECIES

CONCLUSION: This current part of our review work highlights crinine-type alkaloids isolated to date from the genus *Crinum* in addition to their structural differences and distribution in different species. As an endless source of bioactive principles, the extensive survey of literature presents crinine-type alkaloids as the major class within the isolated *Crinum* chemical constituents and about 81 bases belonging to this alkaloidal type were isolated and identified. Moreover, the unstudied species are still calling for phytochemical investigations that will add new members of these important bases.

REFERENCES:

- Snijman D and Linder HP: Phylogenetic relationships, seed characters, and dispersal system evolution in Amaryllidaceae (Amaryllidaceae). Annals of Missouri Botanical Garden 1996; 83:362-386.
- Wildman WC: The Alkaloids: Chemistry and Physiology. Edited by R.H.F. Manske, Academic Press, New York, London, Vol. VI, 1960.
- Refaat J, Kamel MS, Ramadan MA and Ali AA: *Crinum*; an endless source of bioactive principles: a review. Part I. *Crinum* alkaloids: Lycorine-type alkaloids. International Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Research 2012; 3(7): 1883-1890.
- Ghosal S, Rao PH and Saini K: Natural occurrence of 11-O-acetylambelline and 11-O-acetyl-1,2- β -epoxyambelline in

- Crinum latifolium*: Immunoregulant alkaloids. *Pharmaceutical Research* 1985; 2(5):251–252.
5. Chen C, Lin F, Tseng L, Jiang C and Lee S: Comprehensive study of alkaloids from *Crinum asiaticum* var. *sinicum* assisted by HPLC-DAD-SPE-NMR. *Journal of Natural Products* 2011; 74(3):411–419.
 6. Ali AA, El-Sayed HM, Abdallah OM and Steglich W: Oxocrinine and other alkaloids from *Crinum americanum*. *Phytochemistry* 1986; 25(10):2399–2401.
 7. Kobayashi S, Tokumoto T, Kihara M, Imakura Y, Shingu T and Taira Z: Alkaloidal constituents of *Crinum latifolium* L. and *Crinum bulbispernum* Miln. (Amaryllidaceae). *Chemical Pharmaceutical Bulletin* 1984; 32:3015–3022.
 8. Ramadan MA: Phytochemical investigation of the minor alkaloids and phenolic compounds of *Crinum bulbispernum* Milne. and *Crinum augustum* Rox. cultivated in Egypt. A Thesis for Ph.D. Degree submitted to Assiut University, Egypt, 1986.
 9. Nair JJ, Machocho AK, Campbell WE, Brun R, Viladomat F, Codina C and Bastida J: Alkaloids from *Crinum macowanii*. *Phytochemistry* 2000; 54(8):945–950.
 10. Elgorashi EE, Drewes SE and Van Staden J: Alkaloids from *Crinum moorei*. *Phytochemistry* 2001; 56(6):637–640.
 11. Boit HG and Döpke W: Alkaloide aus *Haemanthus*, *Zephyranthus*, *Galanthus* und *Crinum*–Arten. *Naturwissenschaften* 1961; 48(10):406–407.
 12. Ghosal S, Rao PH, Jaiswal DK, Kumar Y and Frahm AW: Alkaloids of *Crinum pratense*. *Phytochemistry* 1981; 20(8):2003–2007.
 13. Elgorashi EE, Drewes SE and Van Staden J: Alkaloids from *Crinum bulbispernum*. *Phytochemistry* 1999; 52(3): 533–536.
 14. Bastida J, Codina C, Peeters P, Rubiralta M, Orozco M, Luque FJ and Chhabra SC: Alkaloids from *Crinum kirkii*. *Phytochemistry* 1995; 40(4):1291–1293.
 15. Elgorashi EE, Drewes SE and Van Staden J: Organ-to-organ and seasonal variation in alkaloids from *Crinum macowanii*. *Fitoterapia* 2002; 73(6): 490–495.
 16. Elgorashi EE, Drewes SE, Morris C, and Van Staden J: Variation among three *Crinum* species in alkaloid content. *Biochemical Systematics and Ecology* 2003; 31(6):601–615.
 17. Fennell CW, Elgorashi EE, Van Staden J: Alkaloid production in *Crinum moorei* cultures. *Journal of Natural Products* 2003; 66(11): 1524–1526.
 18. Tsuda Y, Kashiwaba N and Kumar V: The alkaloidal constituents of goda-manel (*Crinum zeylanicum* L.) A Sri Lankan folk medicine. *Chemical Pharmaceutical Bulletin* 1984; 32(8):3023–3027.
 19. Likhithwitayawuid K, Angerhofer C, Chai H, Pezzuto JM, Cordel G and Ruangrungsi N: Cytotoxic and antimalarial alkaloids from the bulbs of *Crinum amabile*. *Journal of Natural Products* 1993; 56(8):1331–1338.
 20. Machocho AK, Bastida J, Codina C, Viladomat F, Brun R and Chhabra SC: Augustamine type alkaloids from *Crinum kirkii*. *Phytochemistry* 2004; 65(23):3143–3149.
 21. Machocho A, Chahabra S, Viladomat F, Codina C and Bastida J: Alkaloids from *Crinum stuhlmannii*. *Planta Medica* 1998; 64(7):679–680.
 22. Pham LH, Döpke W, Wagner J and Mugge C: Alkaloids from *Crinum amabile*. *Phytochemistry* 1998; 48(2):371–376.
 23. Ghosal S: Special Lecture, Sixth Indo-Soviet symposium on Chemistry of Natural Products. NCL, Pune, India, 1981:71–72.
 24. Ghosal S, Saini KS and Razdan S: *Crinum* alkaloids: their chemistry and biology. *Phytochemistry* 1985; 24(10):2141–2156.
 25. Ghosal S, Saini KS and Frahm AW: Alkaloids of *Crinum latifolium*. *Phytochemistry* 1983; 22(10):2305–2309.
 26. Ghosal S, Saini KS and Arora VK: 1,2-β-Epoxyambelline, an immunostimulant alkaloid from *Crinum latifolium*. *Journal of Chemical Research (S)* 1984; 7:232–233.
 27. Boit HG and Döpke W: Alkaloide aus *Brunsdonna tubergenii*. *Naturwissenschaften* 1960; 47(7):159.
 28. Boit HG, Döpke W and Sender W: Alkaloide aus *Crinum*, *Zephyranthus*, *Leucojum* und *Clivia*–Arten. *Chemische Berichte* 1957; 99(10):2203–2207.
 29. Berkov S, Romani S, Herrera M, Viladomat F, Codina C, Momekov G, Ionkova I and Bastida J: Antiproliferative alkaloids from *Crinum zeylanicum*. *Phytotherapy Research* 2011; 25:1686–1692.
 30. Tram NT, Titorenko T, Bankova V, Handjieva N and Popov SS: *Crinum* L. Amaryllidaceae. *Fitoterapia* 2002; 73(3):183–208.
 31. Ramadan MA: Study of the alkaloids of *Crinum augustum* Rox. growing in Egypt. A Thesis for Master Degree submitted to Assiut University, Egypt, 1980.
 32. Ali AA, Kating H, Frahm AW, El-Moghazi AM and Ramadan MA: Two non-hydroxylated alkaloids in *Crinum augustum*. *Phytochemistry* 1981; 20(5):1121–1123.
 33. Ali AA, Ramadan MA and Frahm AW: Alkaloidal constituents of *Crinum bulbispernum* III: Bulbispermine, a new alkaloid of *Crinum bulbispernum*. *Planta Medica* 1984; 50:424–427.
 34. Elgorashi EE, Drewes SE and Van Staden J: Alkaloids from *Crinum macowanii*. *Biochemical Systematics and Ecology* 2001; 29(7):749–750.
 35. Abdel-Halim OB, Morikawa T, Ando S, Matsuda H and Yoshikawa M: New crinine-type alkaloids with inhibitory effect on induction of inducible nitric oxide synthase from *Crinum yemense*. *Journal of Natural Products* 2004; 67(7):1119–1124.
 36. Wildman WC and Bailey DT: Novel alkaloids containing [2]-benzopyrano-[3,4-c]indole nucleus. *Journal of Organic Chemistry* 1968; 33(10):3749–3753.
 37. Ramirez A, Cabezas F, Bastida J, Viladomat F and Codina C: Alkaloids from the leaves of *Crinum Kunthianum* ROEM. *Revista Latinoamericana De Quimica, Laboratorio Mixim, S.A. de CV* 2001; 9:26–31.
 38. Tram NT, Mitova M, Bankova V, Handjieva N and Popov SS: GC-MS of *Crinum latifolium* L. Alkaloids. *Zeitschrift für Naturforschung* 2002; 57c:239–242.
 39. Refaat J, Abdel-Lateff AA, Kamel MS, Ali AA, Ramadan MA, Okino T and Nogata Y: Antifouling alkaloids from *Crinum augustum* (Amaryllidaceae). *Pharmacognosy Research* 2009; 1(2):43–52.
 40. Ali AA, Kating H and Frahm AW: Four 6-hydroxylated alkaloids in the crinine series from *Crinum augustum* Rox. *Phytochemistry* 1981; 20(7):1731–1733.
 41. Abd El-Hafiz MA, Ramadan MA, Jung ML, Beck J and Anton R: Cytotoxic activity of Amaryllidaceae alkaloids from *Crinum augustum* and *Crinum bulbispernum*. *Planta Medica* 1991; 57(5):437–439.
 42. Ghosal S and Singh SK: Chemical constituents of Amaryllidaceae. Part 24. Crinafoline and Crinalbine, two anti-tumor alkaloids from *Crinum latifolium*. *Journal of Chemical Research (S)* 1986; 3:312–313.
 43. El-Moghazi AM and Ali AA: Investigation of the alkaloidal constituents of *Crinum bulbispernum*. Part II. Isolation and identification of crinamine and other three alkaloids. *Planta Medica* 1976; 29(2):156–159.
 44. Boit HG and Döpke W: Krelagine und Crinalbine, zwei neue alkalioide aus *Crinum powelli*. *Naturwissenschaften* 1960; 47(21):498.
 45. Boit HG: Über die Alkaloide von *Nerine sarniensis*, *Crinum moorei*, *Hippeastrum vittatum* und *Clivia miniata* (VI.Mitteil).

- über Amaryllidaceen-Alkaloide). Chemische Berichte 1954; 87(11):1704–1707.
46. Lyle RE, Kielar EA, Crowder JR, Fales HM and Wildman WC: The alkaloids of *Nerine bowdenii* W. Wats and *Crinum moorei* J.D. Hook. Journal of American Chemical Society 1960; 82(10):2620–2625.
 47. Ma Y, Ito Y, Sokolovsky E and Fales HM: Separation of alkaloids by pH-zone-refining counter-current chromatography. Journal of Chromatography A 1994; 685(2):259–262.
 48. Mohamed SR: A pharmacognostical study of *Crinum asiaticum* L. cultivated in Egypt. A Thesis for Master Degree submitted to Assiut University, Egypt, 2000.
 49. Ochi M, Otsuki H and Nagao K: The structure of hamayne, a new alkaloid from *Crinum asiaticum* L. var. *japonicum* Baker. Bulletin of Chemical Society Japan 1976; 49(11):3363–3364.
 50. Jeffs PW, Abou-Donia A, Campau D and Staiger D: Structures of 9-O-demethyl-homolycoreine and 5α-hydroxy-homolycoreine. Alkaloids of *Crinum defixum*, *Crinum scabrum* and *Crinum latifolium*. Assignment of aromatic substitution patterns from ¹H-coupled ¹³C spectra. Journal of Organic Chemistry 1985; 50(10):1732–1737.
 51. Razafimbelo J, Andriantsiferana M, Baudouin G and Tillequin F: Alkaloids from *Crinum firmifolium* var. *hygrophilum*. Phytochemistry 1996; 41(1):323–326.
 52. Houghton PJ, Agbedahunsi JM and Adegbulugbe A: Cholinesterase inhibitory properties of alkaloids from two Nigerian *Crinum* species. Phytochemistry 2004; 65(21):2893–2896.
 53. Adesanya SA, Olugbade TA, Odebiyi OO and Aladesanmi JA: Antibacterial alkaloids in *Crinum jagus*. International Journal of Pharmacognosy 1992; 30(4):303–307.
 54. Oloyede KG, Oke MJ, Raji Y and Olugbade T: Antioxidant and anticonvulsant alkaloids in *Crinum ornatum* bulb extract. World Journal of Chemistry 2010; 5(1):26–31.
 55. Boit HG and Döpke W: Powellamine, ein neues Amaryllidaceen Alkaloid. Naturwissenschaften 1959; 46(15):475.
 56. Hunger A and Reichstein T: Isolierung von Lycorine aus den Zwiebeln einer Crinum-Art (*Crinum firmifolium* Baker) aus Madagaskar. Helvetica Chimica Acta 1953; 36(4):824–828.
 57. Onyiriuka OS and Jackson AH: Mass spectral studies of Amaryllidaceae alkaloids. Israel Journal of Chemistry 1978; 17(3):185–192.
 58. Muraveva DA and Popova OI: Alkaloid composition of the bulbs of *Crinum amabile*. Khimiya Prirodykh Soedinenii 1982; 2:263–264.
 59. Elgorashi EE and Van Staden J: Alkaloids from *Crinum lugardiae*. Biochemical Systematics and Ecology 2001; 29(7):751–752.
 60. Döpke W: Alkaloids from *Crinum*-Arten. Archiv der Pharmazie 1962; 295(12):868–871.
 61. Tang Ren J, Bi NJ and Guang E: Crinisine, a new alkaloid from *Crinum asiaticum* L. var. *sinicum* (roxb. ex herb) Baker. Chinese Chemical Letters 1994; 5(10):855–858.
 62. Döpke W and Fritsch G: Crinosine, a new *Crinum* alkaloid. Pharmazie 1965; 20(9):586.
 63. Vo TB, Nguyen KQ and Ngo VT: Hydroxy-crinamidine, a new alkaloid from leaves of *Crinum latifolium* L. Tap Chi Duoc Hoc 1997; 11:9–10.
 64. Abou-ElaMA, El-Lakany AM and Hammada HM: Alkaloids from the bulbs of *Crinum bulbispermum*. Pharmazie 2004; 59(11):894–895.
 65. Boit HG and Ehmke H: Alkaloids of *Sprekelia formosissima*, *Galanthus elwesii*, *Zephyranthus candida* und *Crinum powellii* VIII. Mitteil. über Amaryllidaceen alkaloids 1. Chemische Berichte 1955; 88(10):1590–1594.

How to cite this article:

Refaat J, Kamel MS, Ramadan MA and Ali AA: *Crinum*; an endless source of bioactive principles: A Review, Part II. *Crinum* alkaloids: Crinine-Type Alkaloids. *Int J Pharm Sci Res.* 3(9); 3091-3100.