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A REVIEW ON THE PHARMACOGNOSTICAL, ECOLOGY AND PHARMACOLOGICAL STUDIES ON MARINE RED ALGAE – HYPNEA VALENTIAE

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ABSTRACT: Seaweeds are the potential marine living resources in the world. More than 20,000 seaweeds are distributed throughout the world, of which only 221 (1.1%) are commercially utilized, which includes 145 species for food and 110 species for phycocolloid production. The biodiversity of the marine environment and the associated chemical diversity constitute a practically unlimited resource of new active substances in the field of the development of bioactive products. Carrageenans are galactans extracted mainly from species belonging to Gigartinales. These sulfated galactans, consist of linear chains of D-galactopyranoses linked in a (1 & 3) and b (1 & 4). Seaweeds constitute some of the most important reservoirs of new therapeutic compounds for humans. Several of them have been shown to have many biological activities, including anticancer activity, in this present review study is mainly focused on *Hypnea valentiae*.

INTRODUCTION:

1.1 Red Algae: The red algae form a distinct group characterized by having eukaryotic cells without flagella and centrioles, chloroplasts that lack external endoplasmic reticulum and contain phycobiliproteins as accessory pigments, which give them their red color ¹. The chloroplasts in red algae resemble Cyanobacteria both biochemically and structurally. Food reserves are stored outside of the chloroplasts as Floridean starch ². Of the approximately 6000 species, most red algae are marine; only a few occur in freshwater ³.



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The red algal genus *Hypnea* (Lamouroux, 1813) is one of the widest spread macroalgae on tropical and subtropical shores ^{4, 5}. The genus, known to include 53 species, is of economic importance as a source of carrageenan ⁶.

1.2. Classification: ^{7,8,9}

Phylum: Rhodophyta
Order: Gigartinales;
Family: Hypneaceae

Species : valentiae (Turner) Montagne

Descriptive Name: *Hypnea* with upturned spines.

- **1.3. Features: 1.** Plants are dark red-brown, 100-300 mm tall, with definite upright branches bearing, radial side branches, gradually shorter ¹⁰.
- **2.** Short spine-like branches, few on main branches, point upwards ¹¹.

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Usual habitat common in sheltered localities but where there is appreciable current flow, from shallow water to 11 m deep. Similar species *Hypnea charoides* but that species has denser spines that are at right angles to branches ¹².

2. Phytoconstituent Nature in Red Algae: Seaweeds are known as valuable sources of protein, elements, dietary fibers, vitamins, essential amino acids, and essential fatty acids. Moreover, also contain potential bioactive seaweeds compounds which 87 exhibits antibacterial, antiviral antifungal properties. and carrageenans - a type of sugar molecule - found in red marine algae are believed to boost interferon production in the immune system and might be an effective preventative against diseases like HIV, shingles and cold sores 13. They contain high

amounts of fiber, protein, and minerals, thus considered an important nutritional food. They help improve the immune system, stimulating the functions of leukocytes ¹⁴. It seems that this type of algae is a great adjuvant in the treatment of urinary tract infections, asthma, stomach disorders, skin diseases, boils, obesity, and high cholesterol levels. They also proved to be effective in the treatment of ulcers and tumors ¹⁵. Seaweed extracts possess potent bacterial activity against the bacterial strain, thus supporting their folkloric usage, promising a future scope for the use of these marine seaweeds against ent microbial populations 16, 17, 18. The characterization of the active compounds from seaweed extracts revealed the most focusing parameter, to determine the mechanism of pathway 19, 20





FIG. 1: ENTIRE PLANT PICTURE OF HYPNEA VALENTIAE (TURNER) MONTAGNE

TABLE 1: REVIEW ON PHARMACOGNOSTICAL STUDIES OF HYPNEA VALENTIAE

S. no.	Title	Journal name	Year	Vol. / Issue	Author	Conclusion
1	Phycological notes VII concerning three Pacific coast species, especially <i>Porphyea miniata</i>	Phycologia International Phycological Society)	March 1972	Vol. II, Issue 1, Pg : 43 - 46		Hypnea valentiae species discovered
2	Seasonal growth, reproduction & Scope shedding in <i>Hypnea</i> valentiae (Turn.) Mont	Plant Sciences	1983	Vol. 92, Issue -6, PP: 473- 482	G. Subha Rangal ah et al.,	Explained about the growth reproduction, spore shedding diurnal periodicity Carposporophytes
3	Phycocolloid chemistry as a taxonomic indicator of Phylogeny in the Gigartinales, Rhodophyceae; A review & current development using fourier transform infrared diffuse reflectance spectroscopy	Phycological Research	1999	47, 167 - 188	Thierry chopin et al.,	Discussed th Taxonomy, Fourier Transform – reflect the Phyco colloid details
4	Spore germination and Early stages of Development in <i>Hypnea valentiae</i> (Turner) Montagen, Rhodophyta	Botanica Marina	Oct, 1976	Vol. 20, Issue - 6, Pg: 381 - 384.	K. E. Mshigeni et al.,	They studies the spore germination and given detailed information about microscopic studies with fluorescent studies
5	A taxonomic revision of a Hypnea charoids valentiae Complex (Rhodophyta, Gifartinales) in Japan, with a description of Hypnea	Phycological Research	March 2000	Vol. 48, Issue-1, pg: 27-35	Yuki masa, Yamaglshi et al.,	Investigated the morphological appearance of <i>Hypnea</i> . The nucleotide sequence of Plastid encoded a large subunit of the

	flexicaulis sp. nov					ribulose 1,5 – biphosphate
6	Farming of <i>Hypnea valentiae</i> (Turner) Montagne at Minicoy Lagoon (Lakshadweep)	Seaweed Research Utilization	2005	27 (1&2), 93-98.	Gulshad Mohammed et al.,	carboxylase/oxygenase gene (rbcl). They concluded that former collected Hypnea has an absence of Antler branches Studied the Variation in Salinity from June to January. First harvesting during Monsoon showed good yield. The study explained the relationship between Phosphate & Nitrate level in HV
7	Indian seaweed resources & he sustainable at the sawn of a new century	Current Science	July 2006	Vol. 91, no. 2, 25	P.V. Subba Rao <i>et al.</i> ,	Discussed the harvesting & occurrence of seaweeds throughout the year, mainly
8	Population structure of turbinid gastropods on the wave- exposed subtidal reefs: effects of density, body size, and algae on grazing behavior	Marine Ecology Progress series	2008	Vol. 362, 199 - 179, 2008	Thomas Wernberg et al.,	from January to March Densities Turbinid gastropod on offshore, recorded - Ex: Turbo torquatus can consume a range of macroalgae, encompassing different thallus morphologist, at rates suggest it has potential to control of reef algae
9	A new contribution to the allied macroalgal flora of Greece (Eastern Mediterranean) with emphasis on <i>Hypnea species</i>	Cryptogamie	2011	Vol. 32, Issue 4, Pg: 393-410	Tsiamis et al.,	They discussed Structural analysis of Hypnea valentiae
10	Morphology, Ultrastructure, and immunocytochemistry of Hypnea cervicornis & H- musciformis from the coastal waters of Ceara, Brazil	Journal of Microscopy & Ultrastructure	April, 2014	2 (2014), 104 - 116	Thaiz B. S, Miguel et al.,	Studied the H. Cervicornis, H. musciformis - 54 species ultrastructure character. Lectin localization was confirmed by Immunochemistry analysis
11	Hypnea species (Gig males, southeastern coast of Brazil based on molecular studies complemented with morphological analyses, including a description of Hypnea edeniana sp.nov. H.	European Journal of Phycology	2014	Vol. 49, Issue - 4	Fabio Nauer et al.,	Explained the Geographical distribution of <i>Hypnea</i> species

TABLE 2: REVIEW ON PHYTOCHEMICAL STUDIES OF HYPNEA VALENTIAE

S. no.	Title	Journal name	Year	Vol. / Issue	Author	Conclusion
1	Halogenated	Biochemical	Feb	Vol. 33,	Les P. Davies	Isolated 5' - Deoxy -5-
	pyrrolopyrimidine analogs	Pharmacology	1984	Issue 3, 347-	et al.,	Iodo tubercidin, potent
	of adenosine from marine			355		muscle relaxant &
	organisms:					Hypothermia.
	Pharmacological activities					(Iodinated nucleoside
	& potent inhibition of					occurring from natural
	adenosine kinase					source)
2	Phytochemical	Botanica Marina	1992	Vol. 35,	Shameel	They summarized that
	Investigations on four			pp:141 - 146	et al.,	Hypnea pannosa and
	species of Hypnea					Hypnea valentiae have
	(Gigartinales, Rhodophyta)					different
						phytoconstituent due to
						habit ecology
3	Studies on Tanzanian	Life Science	2004	Vol. 3, No. 1,	M.S.P. Mtolera	They isolated

flora sp.nov

Dhanal	akshmi and Jayakumari, IJI	65-1071.	E-ISSN: 0975-8232; P-ISSN: 2320-5148			
	Hypneaceae: Seasonal variation in content & Quality of kappa - Carrageenan from <i>Hypnea</i>			pp: 43 - 49	et al.,	carrageenan extracted from <i>Hypnea valentiae</i> and determined the gel strength, gelling temperature and melting temperature
4	Seasonal variation of the growth, chemical composition & carrageenan from <i>Hypnea</i> harvested along the Atlantic coast of Morocco	Scientific Research	2008	Vol. 2 (10) pp; 509 - 514	Mouradi Aziza et al.,	They concluded that the sugar carrageenan did not show any significant variation according to the season of harvest
5	Evaluation of the Proximate, fatty acid & mineral composition of representative green, brown & red seaweeds from the Persian Gulf of Iran as potential food and food resources	Journal of Food Science Technology	2012	49 (6) , 774- 780, Nov- Dec - 2012	Kiuomars, Rohani et al.,	Manganese is high, Hypnea valentiae (3.7 mg/100 mg) HP – SFA (Saturated Fatty Acid) – 67.4 %, Red Algae – the Highest level of Iron
6	Proximate composition, nutraceutical constituents & fatty acid profile on GC – MS of seaweed collected from Balk Bay (Thondi), India	International Journal of Current Science	2014	12, E, 57 -71	Arun Kumar et al.,	They studied <i>the Hypnea valentiae</i> physico chemical analysis and also explained the 16 - red & 7 - green seaweed
7	A review on Biochemical composition & Nutritional Aspects of seaweeds	Carib. Journal of Science Technology	2015	Vol. 3, 789 - 797	Madhu babu Kasimala <i>et al</i> .,	Discussed the Red /Brown algae accumulate iodine & regarded as a source of concentrated iodine
8	Multipotential applications of seaweeds	Life Sciences Achieves (LSA)	2016	Vol. 2, Issues - 5, 747 - 757	K. Jayaprabhakaran <i>et al.</i> ,	They isolated carrageenan and characterized its sulfated polysaccharide structure
0	D 1 1			_	~	r - 1, sattinariae saractare

TABLE 3: REVIEW ON PHARMACOLOGICAL STUDIES OF HYPNEA VALENTIAE

Indo American

Journal of

Pharmaceutical

Research

S. no.	Title	Journal name	Year	Vol. / Issue	Author	Conclusion
1	Neuroprotective effect of	Neuroscience	2010	Vol. 468,	N. Suganthy,	Concluded the
	seaweeds inhibiting south	Letters		Issue 3,14	S. Karutha	Cholinesterase inhibitor
	Indian Coastal area (Hare			January,	Pandian,	about eight seaweeds.
	Island, Gulf of Manner			Pg: 216 -219	K. Pandima devi	Mainly for Alzheimer's
	marine Biosphere Reserve)					disease. Cholinesterase
	Cholinesterase inhibitory					measured by Ellman's
	effect of Hypnea valentiae					Colorimetric method
	& Ulva reticulata					
2	Biorestraing potentials of	Journal of	2011	Vol. 5,	Anandhan	Concluded that methanol
	marine macroalgae	Research in		382- 392	et al.,	extract of G. crassa &
	collected from	Biology				Hypnea valentine
	Rameshwaram, Tamil					showed maximum
	Nadu					antibacterial activity
3	A survey of cytotoxic	Research Journal	2014	1, 2014,	M. Mosaddegh	Discussed the
	effects of some marine	of		27-31	et al.,	cytotoxicity effect in a
	algae in the chabahar coast	Pharmacognosy				different solvent. They
	of oman sea					concluded that
						chloroform extract
						showed the best activity

2016

Issn no:

2231,

pg. no: 4173

- 4178

Sumayya

et al.,

9

Red algae

Therapeutic diversity from

Thoothukudi &

its Therapeutic potential: A

search

Explained that Hypnea

valentiae has

polysaccharide and

carrageenan was

isolated from the methanol extract

	Antimicrobial activity of Bacteria associated with seaweeds against Plant	Microbiology		4 (8),	T. Surega	Investigated the
	seaweeds against Plant			841 - 855	et al.,	culturable bacteria
		Research Journal				(Epiphytic &
	pathogens on Pac with					Endobiotics), used as an
	Bacteria found in seawater					antibiotic. The isolated
	& sediment					bacterial strains were
						subjected to
						phylogenetic analysis for
						identification of protein
_						gene sequencing
5	Antioxidant activities &	Journal of Food	April	52 (4),	Kajal	A bioactive compound
	phenolic contents of three	Science	2015	1924 -1935	Chakraborty	isolated from Methanol
	red seaweeds (Division:	Technology			et al.,	extract of <i>Hypnea</i> valentiae and
	Rhodophyta) Harvested from the Gulf of Manner of					Used in the treatment of
	Peninsular India					cancer
6	Multipotential Applications	Life Science	2016	Vol. 2,	K. Jayaprakash	Secondary metabolites
Ü	of Seaweeds	Archives (LSA)	2010	Issue - 5,	et al.,	isolated from seaweeds
				747 - 757	,	and used for the
						treatment of cancer
7	Biochemical composition	International	2016	6 (3),	Ashwini	They explained the
	of seaweeds & their Anti-	Journal of		271 - 279	et al.,	theoretical explanation
	cancer properties against	Pharmaceutical,				about the k - carrageenan
	Human papillomavirus	Chemical &				pharmacological activity
	(HPV) - A Review	Biological				by blocking HPV
		Science				infection
_		(JJPCBS)				
8	Comparison of Antioxidant	International	2017	Vol. 3,	Chandra Mohan	Studied the Comparative
	Activity of <i>Gracilaria</i>	Journal of		Issue -1	et al.,	studies of Antioxidant
	edulis & Hypnea valentiae	Advance				Activity between the two
		research, Ideas & Innovations in				species, they concluded
		Technology				HV has the highest antioxidant in ethyl
		reciliology				andoxidant in ediyi acetate

TABLE 4: REVIEW ON BIOTECHNOLOGICAL STUDIES OF HYPNEA VALENTIAE

S. no.	Title	Journal name	Year	Vol. / Issue	Author	Conclusion
1	GABA from Hypnea	Seaweed	2005	27	Kaladharan	They isolated GABA from
	valentiae (Turn.) Mont. & its	Research		(1 & 2)	et al.,	Hypnea valentiae and
	effect on the larval	utilization				dissolved in ethanol.
	settlement of Perna viridis					They analyzed for the
	Linnaeus					treatment of epilepsy.
2	Seasonal variation in	American Journal	2013	Vol. 1,	Shanmugiah	Studies the Epiphytic
	Antibacterial Activity of	of Pharmacy &		Issue - 9.	Mahendran	Bacteria isolated from the
	seaweed Hypnea valentiae &	Health Research			et al.,	Hypnea valentiae in the
	its Epiphytic Bacteria					different solvent system.
						n- Butanol showed the
						highest activity (HV 10)
3	Effects of seawater salinity	Biomed Research	Sep,	Vol. 2013,	Shantou	Discussed the pH and
	& Temp. on Growth &	International	2013	Article ID-	et al.,	salinity water. Compared
	Pigment content in <i>Hypnea</i>			594308		the normal water and
	cervicornis , J. Agardh					algae pigmentation
	(Gigartinales, Rhodophyta)					interaction
4	Morphological and	Phycological	2014	Phykos 44	Fleix Bast, Satej	Studies about the Algal
	molecular assessment of	Society		(1), 52 -58.	Bhushan & Aijaz	genomic extraction by
	native carrageenophyte				Ahmed John	Extracting DNA and
	Hypnea valentiae in				et al.,	Sequencing it
_	Indian Subcontinent	D 111	2014	4 (0) 041	TT. C	
5	Antimicrobial activity of	British	2014	4 (8), 841 -	T. Surega	Investigated the culturable
	Bacteria associated with	Microbiology		855	et al.,	bacteria (Epiphytic &
	seaweeds against Plant	Research Journal				Endobiotics), used as an
	pathogens on Pac with Bacteria found in seawater &					antibiotic. The isolated bacterial strains were
	sediment					subjected to phylogenetic
						analysis for identification

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						of protein gene
						sequencing.
6	The bioactive potential of	International	Sep	4 (2),	Rosamma Philip	Isolated the Endophytic
	endophytic fungi from	Journal of	2015	27-32	et al.,	fungi; Algae
	macroalgae	Research in				
		Marine Sciences				

TABLE 5: REVIEW ON ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES OF HYPNEA VALENTIAE

S. no.	Title	Journal name	Year	Vol. / Issue	Author	Conclusion
1	Role of red algae <i>Hypnea</i> valentiae (Gigartinales, Rhodophyta) in domestic effluent treatment at different	Indian Journal of Marine Science	1994	Vol. 23, Issue - 3, Pg: 162 - 164	Rengasamy	Discussed the effluent effect of Hypnea valentiae
2	light intensity & Quality Effect of biofouling on corrosion behavior of grade 2 titanium in Mandapam seawaters	Desalination	Sep 2008	Vol. 230, Issue 1-30, 92-99	S. Palraj et al.,	Explained the deposition of Titanium in green, Red algae and analyzed
3	Preparation and characterization of activated carbon from marine macroalgal biomass	Journal of Hazardous	March 2009	Vol. 162, Issue 2-3, March 2009, 688- 694	R. Aravindhan et al.,	Explained the preparation of Activated carbon prepared from <i>Hypnea valentiae</i> and used for the removal of phenol from aqueous solution.
4	Biosorption of Cadmium Metal Ion from simulated wastewaters using Hypnea valentiae Biomass: A kinetic & Thermodynamic study	Biosource Technology	2009	101 (5) 1466-70, Sep-2009	Aravindhan, Rathinam et al.,	Studied the efficient Biosorption removal of Cadmium by red <i>Hypnea</i> valentiae
5	Sorption of Nickel by Hypnea valentiae- Application of Response Surface Methodology	World Academy of Science, Engineering & Technology	2011	Issue 51, P-7, March - 2011	Rajasimman et al.,	They concluded that <i>Hypnea valentiae</i> has potent surfactant activity
6	Economically Import Seaweeds of Kerala Coast, India - Review	Bioscience	2015	82, 32147 - 32153	S. K. Yadav	Discussed the uses of Hypnea valentiae - Edible, Medicinal, Industrial application

CONCLUSION: Seaweeds are primitive non-flowering plants, which contain different vitamins, minerals, trace elements, proteins, and bioactive substances. Many polysaccharides are recovered from seaweeds, with the most important of them beingagar, alginic acid, laminarin, fucoidin, galactans, carrageenan, xylan, and mannans.

These seaweeds possess antibacterial activity against bacterial pathogens, thus supporting their folkloric usage, promising a future scope for the use of these marine seaweeds against microbial populations.

From the review of studies, we concluded that the Marine environment is an exceptional reservoir of biologically active natural products, many of which exhibit structural features not been found in terrestrial natural products.

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CONFLICT OF INTEREST: Nil

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